

No.	Question	Answer
1.	Clarity sought on the joint venture/consortium requirement. The RFP does not make provision for a	Yes, a formal commercial agreement will be acceptable.
	situation where the Bidder is not the applicant, and the two entities are companies in the same group. There would not be a consortium/JV agreement but a commercial arrangement (licensing arrangement) between the two entities. Is this sufficient?	The key requirement is that any such agreement must clearly define the relationship and responsibilities between the entities and remain valid from bid closure through to the end of the contract period.
2.	With regards to the CIPC documents required: It is my understanding that older business entities only have a CM1. Cor14.3 is the certificate of registration issued by CIPC for newer companies. Is it in order to submit the CM1?	Yes, it is for older entities, the CM1 certificate of incorporation serves as valid proof of registration, just as the CoR14.3 does for newer companies. Both documents meet the SRCC requirement to provide CIPC registration evidence. However, CM1 or CoR14.3 might not reflect current directors, therefore, any director changes and the current list of directors must be confirmed through CoR39 filings and the latest CIPC disclosure certificate.
3.	Is the A4 printed version of the Package Insert sufficient?	Yes, A4 package insert is sufficient.
4.	PBD3 – in the event of a partnership / consortium	In this context, it is essential that all directors are clearly identifiable.
	Should each party in the partnership complete an individual PBD3 forms	The purpose of the PBD 3 form is to confirm who has been duly authorised to represent the bidding

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	or is it requirement of the tender that	entity in signing and submitting the bid
	one PBD3 form to be completed	documentation.
	listing the directors of both parties in	Where the bid is submitted by a partnership,
	the partnership?	consortium, or joint venture, all participating
		entities and their respective directors must be
		listed. The accompanying resolution must explicitly
		designate the individual(s) authorised to act on
		behalf of the collective entity for the purposes of
		finalising and submitting the bid.
5.	Local Manufacture: PBD5 vs	Both documents are required for local
	SAHPRA GMP	manufacturers:
		PBD5: Declaration of compliance with GMP,
		SAHPRA GMP certificate: Approved GMP
		certificate from SAHPRA.
6.	Reference Price Calculation	Benchmark reference prices are determined using
		a combination of:
		Local procurement data;
		International pricing benchmarks, such as
		PAHO vaccine prices; and
		Market intelligence.
		For Items 3, 4, and 5 (rotavirus vaccines, containing
		at a minimum per dose: monovalent or multivalent
		live-attenuated human and/or bovine rotavirus
		strains in a fully liquid formulation), a weighted
		average reference price per dose was applied to
		account for all available presentations. Where
		PAHO pricing served as the reference, adjustments
		were made to incorporate VAT and domestic
		logistics costs in South Africa, thereby establishing
		a realistic benchmark for evaluation purposes.
7.	Certification of the MRC and	Documents may be submitted as copies of the
	Variation Summary	original documents, provided that each individual
		copy bears its own original certification.

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8.	Clarification on Required %	The 90/10 preference point system applies: 90
	Shareholding and Point Allocation	points for price, and 10 points for specific
		goals (HDI and RDP as per SBD6.1).
		1. No minimum % requirement
		There is no prescribed minimum percentage of
		shareholding required for women, persons with
		disabilities, or other HDIs.
		Points are awarded strictly in proportion to the
		actual shareholding held by qualifying individuals,
		if ownership is proven with valid supporting
		documentation (e.g., share certificates, share
		register, CIPC)
		Category-specific allocation
		HDIs (Historically Disadvantaged Individuals):
		Points are awarded in direct proportion to the
		percentage shareholding of HDIs in the bidding
		enterprise. Gender / Female / Women: Points are
		awarded in proportion to the percentage of
		shareholding held by women.
		Persons with Disabilities: Points are awarded in
		proportion to the percentage of shareholding held
		by people with disabilities.
		PDD Coal (South African Ownership): Points are
		RDP Goal (South African Ownership): Points are
		awarded based on the percentage shareholding
		held by South African citizens in the bidding enterprise.
		ontorprise.
		The formula
		The allocation follows a simple ratio calculation:
		The allocation follows a simple ratio calcula

Points Available for Category) Examples: If HDIs hold 50% shareholding, then 50% 2 points (out of 4 HDI points). If women hold 10% shareholding, then 10 = 0.2 points (out of 2 gender points). If persons with disabilities hold shareholding, then 25% × 2 = 0.5 points (2 disability points). If South Africans (whether HDI or not) 100% shareholding, then 100% × 2 = 2 (out of 2 RDP points). Cumulative application HDI shareholding percentages should als reflected in the RDP (South African owne section. In cases where ownership is partly HI partly other South African citizens, the RDP % % + non-HDI South African % supported by certificates, share register, CIPC. 9. Documentation Required for Trusts Where equity is held through a Trust, the followed as the support of the state of the support of the suppor		Question	Answer
 Certified Trust Deed, listing individual true and individual beneficiaries and their role Share certificate confirming ownership he the Trust in the bidding enterprise. 	9.	and for showing management of	 If HDIs hold 50% shareholding, then 50% × 4 = 2 points (out of 4 HDI points). If women hold 10% shareholding, then 10% × 3 = 0.2 points (out of 2 gender points). If persons with disabilities hold 25% shareholding, then 25% × 2 = 0.5 points (out of 2 disability points). If South Africans (whether HDI or not) hold 100% shareholding, then 100% × 2 = 2 points (out of 2 RDP points). Cumulative application HDI shareholding percentages should also be reflected in the RDP (South African ownership section. In cases where ownership is partly HDI and partly other South African citizens, the RDP % = HD % + non-HDI South African % supported by share certificates, share register, CIPC. Where equity is held through a Trust, the following are required: Certified Trust Deed, listing individual trustee and individual beneficiaries and their roles, Share certificate confirming ownership held by the Trust in the bidding enterprise. Certified copies of ID documents of qualifying individuals.

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		In terms of evidence that beneficiaries and/or
		trustees are HDIs and actively involved in
		management - the content of the Trust Deed is
		used. Points as claimed will be evaluated and
		allocated where the Trust Deed clearly stipulates
		the role of trustees in the management of the Trust.
		A trustee, by definition, is entrusted with
		management of the Trust and therefore qualifies as
		being part of management. Where the same
		individuals are both trustees and beneficiaries, and
		·
		their names are expressly stated in the Trust Deed,
		they will qualify for the allocation of preference
		points in line with the applicable ownership
		percentage of the Trust held in the bidding
		enterprise.
		Beneficiaries who merely receive benefits, but are
		not trustees, do not participate in management and
		therefore do not qualify, furthermore, the number of
		Trustees is considered. The % of all Trustees listed
		in the Trust Deed - that are also beneficiaries, will
		determine the % used for calculation of points in
		each SBD6.1 category, and will be limited to the %
		ownership held by the Trust in the bidding
		enterprise.
10.	Procurement Class and Evaluation of	A procurement class refers to a grouping of
	Cost per Fully Vaccinated Child	vaccines containing the same active ingredient
		but offered in different presentations, pack
		sizes, or dosage forms. Within each
		procurement class, only one item will be
		awarded to maintain standardisation in the
		Expanded Programme Immunisation (EPI).
		For evaluation purposes, the Department will
		consider the total cost per fully immunised
		child in line with the EPI schedule. For

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12.	Split/Multiple Awards (SCC 20.3)	Historically, and in the case of HP16-2027EPI,
		single awards are made on EPI contracts to ensure
		efficient programme implementation. This approach
		facilitates coordinated planning, accurate cold chain
		management, standardised healthcare worker
		training, effective demand creation, and uniformity
		in vaccine presentation.
		While Section 20.3 of the SRCC allows for split
		awards, this option will only be considered where no
		single supplier has the capacity or is able to meet
		the required tender volumes.

For any additional queries, bidders are encouraged to contact: tenders@health.gov.za